

Section 1. Identification

Product name : CROPCI4U CORROSION INHIBITOR
Product code : CROPCI4U

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Corrosion inhibitor.

Print date : 1/12/2023

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Version : 5.02

Supplier's details : Baker Petrolite LLC
 12645 W. Airport Blvd.
 Sugar Land, TX 77478
 For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606
 (8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)
 Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606
 (001)281-276-5400
 CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : **F**lammable liquid and vapor.
 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 May cause respiratory irritation.
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 Suspected of causing cancer.
 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** : Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Light aromatic naphtha	30 - 40	64742-95-6
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	20 - 30	95-63-6
Amine derivatives	10 - 20	Trade secret.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5 - 10	108-67-8
Acid phosphate ester	1 - 5	Trade secret.
Xylene	1 - 5	1330-20-7
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	1 - 5	526-73-8
Isopropanol	1 - 5	67-63-0
Heavy aromatic naphtha	1 - 5	64742-94-5
Cumene	0.1 - 1	98-82-8
Ethylbenzene	0.1 - 1	100-41-4
Naphthalene	0.1 - 1	91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash affected area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20 - 60 minutes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness
- Inhalation** : respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : pain or irritation, redness, dryness, cracking, blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Additional information

Section 4. First aid measures

If product is ingested and vomiting occurs naturally, have person lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration into the lungs.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO₂, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, phosphorus oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

Section 6. Accidental release measures

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Light aromatic naphtha 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 125 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 125 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Amine derivatives 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 123 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 125 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 125 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<p>Acid phosphate ester Xylene</p>	<p>TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
<p>1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene</p>	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 123 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p>
<p>Isopropanol</p>	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). STEL: 400 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). STEL: 1225 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 980 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 400 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 980 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 1225 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 980 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p>
<p>Heavy aromatic naphtha Cumene</p>	<p>None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 245 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 245 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 245 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p>
<p>Ethylbenzene</p>	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.</p>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Naphthalene	<p>TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 52 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p>
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Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant gloves.
- Skin protection** : Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
- Respiratory protection** : If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	: Amber.
Odor	: Aromatic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial Boiling Point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 35°C (95°F) [SFCC]
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.892 (15.6°C)
Density	: 7.434 (lbs/gal)
Solubility in water	: Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
VOC	: Not available.
Pour Point	: Not available.
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Light aromatic naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Amine derivatives	LD50 Oral	Rat	>4000 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Acid phosphate ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	29 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Male rat	3523 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3287 mg/kg	-
Isopropanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>10000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6.29 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4700 mg/kg	-
Heavy aromatic naphtha	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>11.4 mg/l	6 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	10000 mg/m ³	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.9 g/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

No available toxicity data.

Sensitization

No available toxicity data.

Mutagenicity

No available toxicity data.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene	-	3	-
Isopropanol	-	3	-
Cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

No available toxicity data.

Teratogenicity

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No available toxicity data.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light aromatic naphtha 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	- -	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	- -	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Isopropanol Heavy aromatic naphtha Cumene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Light aromatic naphtha Xylene 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene Heavy aromatic naphtha Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness
- Inhalation** : respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : pain or irritation, redness, dryness, cracking, blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CROPCI4U CORROSION INHIBITOR	Not available.	28449.6	129316.3	73.1	Not available.
Light aromatic naphtha	2900	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	Not available.	Not available.	18	Not available.
Amine derivatives	2500	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5000	Not available.	Not available.	24	Not available.
Acid phosphate ester	2500	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Xylene	3287	1100	5000	29	Not available.
Isopropanol	4700	6290	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Heavy aromatic naphtha	3200	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Cumene	2900	10600	Not available.	39	Not available.
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	Not available.	11	Not available.
Naphthalene	500	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pecteniscrus	48 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 22.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 12520 to 15050 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Tilapia zillii Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours 96 hours
Xylene	Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	21 days 48 hours
Isopropanol	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	96 hours 48 hours
Cumene	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours 72 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 7400 to 11290 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 30500 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp. Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 72 hours
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water EC50 2.96 mg/l Fresh water EC50 2.16 mg/l Fresh water LC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Light aromatic naphtha	-	10 to 2500	high
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	low
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3.42	161	low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	3.66	194.98	low
Isopropanol	0.05	-	low
Heavy aromatic naphtha	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high
Cumene	3.55	94.69	low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
Naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Light aromatic naphtha, Isopropanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (Contains: Light aromatic naphtha, Isopropanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (Contains: Light aromatic naphtha, Isopropanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Light aromatic naphtha, Isopropanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	3  	3  	3  	3 
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

- DOT Classification** : This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. **Reportable quantity** 2586.3 lbs / 1174.2 kg [347.75 gal / 1316.4 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
- IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **Emergency schedules** F-E S-E
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

DOT Reportable Quantity Xylene, 348 gal of this product.
Naphthalene, 6565 gal of this product.

Section 14. Transport information

Marine pollutant Light aromatic naphtha
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

North-America NAERG : 128

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 12(b) one-time export**: No products were found.
TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
 United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; naphthalene; toluene; benzene
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene; Naphthalene; Phosphoric acid; Ethylbenzene

United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) :

List name	Status	Ingredient name	Name on list	Conc.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Xylene	Xylenes	1 - 5
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Cumene	Cumene	0.1 - 1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Ethylbenzene	Ethyl benzene	0.1 - 1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Naphthalene	Naphthalene	0.1 - 1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Toluene	Toluene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Benzene	Benzene	0 - 0.1

SARA 302/304 : No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: **FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS** - Category 3
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
HNOC - Defatting irritant

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	20 - 30
	Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
	Isopropanol	67-63-0	1 - 5
	Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 1
	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1 - 1

California Prop. 65

Section 15. Regulatory information

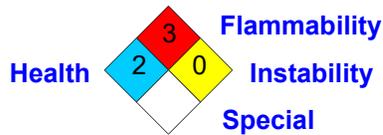
⚠️ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including cumene, ethylbenzene and naphthalene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL): : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



History

Date of printing : 1/12/2023

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 N/A = Not available
 SGG = Segregation Group
 UN = United Nations

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

NOTE: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate. Baker Hughes, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information.

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